IO-PT400, IO-PT4K User Guide

I/O Expansion Modules

IO-PT400 and IO-PT4K are I/O Expansion Modules that can be used in conjunction with specific Unitronics OPLC controllers. This module is offered in two models. Each module offers 4 RTD inputs for temperature measurement:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>RTD Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I/O-PT400</td>
<td>PT100, NI100, NI120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I/O-PT4K</td>
<td>PT1000, NI1000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The interface between the module and the OPLC is provided by an adapter. The module may either be snap-mounted on a DIN rail, or screw-mounted onto a mounting plate.

Component identification*

1. Module-to-module connector
2. Status indicators
3. Input connection points, CH2 & CH3
4. Module-to-module connector port
5. Input connection points, CH0 & CH1

*Note that the model shown represents all models.

- Before using this product, it is the responsibility of the user to read and understand this document and any accompanying documentation.
- All examples and diagrams shown herein are intended to aid understanding, and do not guarantee operation. Unitronics accepts no responsibility for actual use of this product based on these examples.
- Please dispose of this product in accordance with local and national standards and regulations.
- Only qualified service personnel should open this device or carry out repairs.

User safety and equipment protection guidelines

This document is intended to aid trained and competent personnel in the installation of this equipment as defined by the European directives for machinery, low voltage, and EMC. Only a technician or engineer trained in the local and national electrical standards should perform tasks associated with the device's electrical wiring.

Symbols are used to highlight information relating to the user's personal safety and equipment protection throughout this document. When these symbols appear, the associated information must be read carefully and understood fully.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Danger</td>
<td></td>
<td>The identified danger causes physical and property damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning</td>
<td></td>
<td>The identified danger can cause physical and property damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caution</td>
<td></td>
<td>Use caution.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Failure to comply with appropriate safety guidelines can result in severe personal injury or property damage. Always exercise proper caution when working with electrical equipment.

1 Note that the temperature range for NI120 is not standard: -50° to 172°C (-58° to 341°F).
Check the user program before running it.
Do not attempt to use this device with parameters that exceed permissible levels.
Install an external circuit breaker and take appropriate safety measures against short-circuiting in external wiring.
To avoid damaging the system, do not connect / disconnect the device when the power is on.

Environmental Considerations

- Do not install in areas with: excessive or conductive dust, corrosive or flammable gas, moisture or rain, excessive heat, regular impact shocks or excessive vibration.
- Leave a minimum of 10mm space for ventilation between the top and bottom edges of the device and the enclosure walls.
- Do not place in water or let water leak onto the unit.
- Do not allow debris to fall inside the unit during installation.

Mounting the Module

DIN-rail mounting
Snap the device onto the DIN rail as shown below; the module will be squarely situated on the DIN rail.
Screw-Mounting
The figure below is not drawn to scale. It may be used as a guide for screw-mounting the module. Mounting screw type: either M3 or NC6-32.
Connecting Expansion Modules

An adapter provides the interface between the OPLC and an expansion module. To connect the I/O module to the adapter or to another module:

1. Push the module-to-module connector into the port located on the right side of the device.

Note that there is a protective cap provided with the adapter. This cap covers the port of the final I/O module in the system.

- To avoid damaging the system, do not connect or disconnect the device when the power is on.

Component Identification

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Module-to-module connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Protective cap</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Wiring

- Do not touch live wires.

- Unused pins should not be connected. Ignoring this directive may damage the device.

- Double-check all wiring before turning on the power supply.

Wiring Procedures

Use crimp terminals for wiring; use 26-14 AWG wire (0.13 mm²–3.31 mm²) for all wiring purposes.

1. Strip the wire to a length of 7±0.5mm (0.250–0.300 inches).
2. Unscrew the terminal to its widest position before inserting a wire.
3. Insert the wire completely into the terminal to ensure that a proper connection can be made.
4. Tighten enough to keep the wire from pulling free.

- To avoid damaging the wire, do not exceed a maximum torque of 0.5 N·m (5 kgf·cm).
- Do not use tin, solder, or any other substance on stripped wire that might cause the wire strand to break.
- Install at maximum distance from high-voltage cables and power equipment.
I/O Wiring—General

- Input or output cables should not be run through the same multi-core cable or share the same wire.
- Allow for voltage drop and noise interference with input lines used over an extended distance. Use wire that is properly sized for the load.

**Analog Inputs**

- Shields should be connected at the signal source.

* RTD input types PT1000/NI1000 support a two-wire connection, because the high resistance (1000 ohm) of the sensor element compensates for voltage drop.

### IO-PT400, IO-PT4K Technical Specifications

- Max. current consumption: 35mA maximum from the adapter's 5VDC
### Analog Inputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model number</th>
<th>I/O-PT400</th>
<th>I/O-PT4K</th>
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<tr>
<td>RTD type</td>
<td>PT100, Ni100, Ni120</td>
<td>PT1000, Ni1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature coefficient $\alpha$</td>
<td>PT: 385/392, Ni100: 618, Ni120: 672</td>
<td>PT: 385/392, Ni: 618</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Number of inputs**: 4
- **Model number**: I/O-PT400
- **RTD type**: PT100, Ni100, Ni120
- **Temperature coefficient $\alpha$**: PT: 385/392, Ni100: 618, Ni120: 672

#### Temperature
- **Unit**: °C and °F
- **Range**
  - PT100/1000: -50° to 460°C (-58° to 860°F)
  - Ni100/1000: -50° to 232°C (-58° to 449°F)
  - Ni120: -50° to 172°C (-58° to 341°F)

#### Isolation
- None

- **Resolution**: 12-bit (4096 units)

- **Measurement resolution**: ±0.1°C (0.1°F). See Note 2.
- **Conversion method**: Successive approximation
- **Conversion time**: 40msec
- **Input impedance**: 10MΩ minimum
- **Auxiliary current**:
  - PT100/Ni100/Ni120: 1.9mA
  - PT1000/Ni1000: 0.19mA
- **Linearity error**:
  - I/O-PT400: ±0.3°C (0.6°F) (±0.05%)
  - I/O-PT4K: ±0.4°C (0.8°F) (±0.06%)
- **Temperature accuracy**: ±0.4°C (0.8°F)
- **Status indicators** (OUT OF RANGE): Red LEDs—Lit when the corresponding input measures an analog value (temperature) outside of the permissible range. See Note 3.

#### Environmental
- **Operating temperature**: 0° to 50°C (32 to 122°F)
- **Storage temperature**: -20° to 60°C (-4 to 140°F)
- **Relative Humidity (RH)**: 10% to 95% (non-condensing)
- **Dimensions (WxHxD)**: 80 x 93 x 60mm (3.15 x 3.66 x 2.362”)
- **Weight**: 140.3g (4.94oz.)
- **Mounting**: Either onto a 35mm DIN-rail or screw-mounted.
Notes:
1. Alpha (α) type is selected in software. The PT default setting is 385.
2. The input analog value represents the temperature value as follows:
   Analog value = 262  Actual measured temperature: 26.2°C
3. The temperature values can also indicate certain faults as shown in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -10000 (-1000°) | ■ Input temperature is out of the permissible range  
|           | (under -50°C)                                      |
|          | ■ -I signal is not connected                        |
|          | ■ Sensor is short-circuited                         |
| 10000 (1000°) | ■ Input temperature is out of the permissible range  
|           | (PT: over 460°C) (NI: over 232°C) (NI120: over 172°C) |
|          | ■ Sensor is not connected                            |
|          | ■ +I or +V signals are not connected                 |
|          | ■ -I and –V signals are not connected                |

Addressing I/Os on Expansion Modules

Inputs and outputs located on I/O expansion modules that are connected to an OPLC are assigned addresses that comprise a letter and a number. The letter indicates whether the I/O is an input (I) or an output (O). The number indicates the I/O’s location in the system. This number relates to both the position of the expansion module in the system, and to the position of the I/O on that module.

Expansion modules are numbered from 0-7 as shown in the figure below.

The formula below is used to assign addresses for I/O modules used in conjunction with the OPLC. X is the number representing a specific module’s location (0-7). Y is the number of the input or output on that specific module (0-15).

The number that represents the I/O’s location is equal to:

\[ 32 + x \times 16 + y \]

Examples
- Input #3, located on expansion module #2 in the system, will be addressed as I 67,
  \[ 67 = 32 + 2 \times 16 + 3 \]
- Output #4, located on expansion module #3 in the system, will be addressed as O 84,
  \[ 84 = 32 + 3 \times 16 + 4 \]
**UL Compliance**

The products listed above may be used with compatible Unitronics PLCs. Detailed Installation Guides containing the I/O wiring diagrams for these models, technical specifications, and additional documentation are located in the Technical Library in the Unitronics website: https://unitronicsplc.com/support-technical-library/

The following section is relevant to Unitronics' products that are listed with the UL.

The following models: IO-AI/4-AO2, IO-AO6X, IO-ATC8, IO-DI16, IO-DI16-L, IO-DI8-RO4, IO-DI8-RO4-L, IO-DI8-TO8, IO-DI8-TO8-L, IO-RO16, IO-RO16-L, IO-RO8, IO-RO8L, IO-TO16, EX-A2X are UL listed for Hazardous Locations.


**UL Ratings, Programmable Controllers for Use in Hazardous Locations, Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D**

These Release Notes relate to all Unitronics products that bear the UL symbols used to mark products that have been approved for use in hazardous locations, Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D.

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**Caution**

- This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D, or Non-hazardous locations only.
- Input and output wiring must be in accordance with Class I, Division 2 wiring methods and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.
- **WARNING**—Explosion Hazard—substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.
- **WARNING** – EXPLOSION HAZARD – Do not connect or disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.
- **WARNING** – Exposure to some chemicals may degrade the sealing properties of material used in Relays.
- This equipment must be installed using wiring methods as required for Class I, Division 2 as per the NEC and/or CEC.

**Relay Output Resistance Ratings**

The products listed below contain relay outputs:

Input/Output expansion modules, Models: IO-DI8-RO4, IO-DI8-RO4-L, IO-RO8, IO-RO8L

- When these specific products are used in hazardous locations, they are rated at 3A res, when these specific products are used in non-hazardous environmental conditions, they are rated at 5A res, as given in the product’s specifications.

**Certification UL des automates programmables, pour une utilisation en environnement à risques, Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C et D.**

Cette note fait référence à tous les produits Unitronics portant le symbole UL - produits qui ont été certifiés pour une utilisation dans des endroits dangereux, Classe I, Division 2, Groupes A, B, C et D.
Attention
- Cet équipement est adapté pour une utilisation en Classe I, Division 2, Groupes A, B, C et D, ou dans Non-dangereux endroits seulement.
- Le câblage des entrées/sorties doit être en accord avec les méthodes de câblage selon la Classe I, Division 2 et en accord avec l’autorité compétente.
- AVERTISSEMENT: Risque d’Explosion – Le remplacement de certains composants rend caduque la certification du produit selon la Classe I, Division 2.
- AVERTISSEMENT - DANGER D’EXPLOSION - Ne connecter pas ou ne débranche pas l'équipement sans avoir préalablement coupé l'alimentation électrique ou la zone est reconnue pour être non dangereuse.
- AVERTISSEMENT - L’exposition à certains produits chimiques peut dégrader les propriétés des matériaux utilisés pour l’étanchéité dans les relais.
- Cet équipement doit être installé utilisant des méthodes de câblage suivant la norme Class I, Division 2 NEC et /ou CEC.

Certification de la résistance des sorties relais
Les produits énumérés ci-dessous contiennent des sorties relais:
- Modules d’Extensions d’E/S, modèles: IO-DI8-RO4, IO-DI8-RO4-L, IO-RO8, IO-RO8L.
- Lorsque ces produits spécifiques sont utilisés dans des endroits dangereux, ils supportent un courant de 3A charge résistive, lorsque ces produits spécifiques sont utilisés dans un environnement non dangereux, ils sont évalués à 5A res, comme indiqué dans les specifications du produit Plages de températures.